

The Times-Democrat.

LIMA, OHIO, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1900.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT
furnishes our readers
LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

PRICE THREE CENTS

MORE

Troubles for the Burghers.

Formal Entry

Of the British Into Johannesburg.

The Boers Have Retreated to Pretoria and Rumors of Its Evacuation

Are in Circulation. Great Quantities of Rolling Stock, Ammunition, Etc., Captured. The Mines are Uninjured.

Special by Associated Press.

Germiston, May 30—Johannesburg is practically in British possession. The mines are uninjured. Nine engines, a coal train and a great quantity of rolling stock was captured by the British. The troops have not yet occupied Johannesburg. General French is now at Elandsfontein. The state entry into Johannesburg will take place to-morrow. The Boers have gone to Pretoria. The railroad from here to the Vaal River is uninjured.

ANNEXATION

Of the Free State Does Not Necessarily Imply Its Pacification.

Special by Associated Press.
London, May 31—Lord Roberts' latest dispatches shed somewhat different light on the military situation. Before they were received celebrations were organized in country towns in honor of the fall of Pretoria. Pretoria, however, is not yet in the hands of the British, though there is no reason to doubt the authenticity of the report that Kruger has evacuated the place and that the municipality is ready to surrender when confronted by superior numbers. At nine o'clock last night the final movement on the Transvaal capital had apparently not commenced. Supposing that Johannesburg surrenders at noon to-day, Pretoria should be reached by June 2. General Brabant's loss of forty men is a striking evidence that the annexation of the free state by no means implies its pacification.

PRESIDENT KRUGER

Said to be Fleeing in the Direction of Delagoa Bay.

Special by Associated Press.

London, May 31.—The Daily Mail published the following dispatch from the Earl of Rosslyn, who was a prisoner at Pretoria, but who, as a civilian, appears to have been released: "Pretoria will be occupied in about two hours, without resistance. The president has gone to Watervalboven. Burgo master De Souza is authorized to receive the British. He, with an influential committee of citizens, including Chief Justice Gregorowski, has been appointed to preserve life and property during the interregnum. Everything is quiet, but crowds are waiting expectantly in Church square for the arrival of the British."

London, May 31.—At noon the British were only about two hours' march from Pretoria, and the Boer military forces had abandoned the city. This intelligence comes from the Reuter agent at the Transvaal capital and from the Earl of Rosslyn, in a press dispatch. The two messages left about the same time. The war office has received no news from Lord Roberts which the officials would make public, but it is assumed that the press advices are correct. Most of the London morning papers print Lord Rosslyn's dispatch and comment upon it, treating the war as ended. Some of the more cautious critics think that guerrilla warfare is likely to be carried on for some time in various parts of the conquered territories.

All the Boer forces are dissolving, but Lord Roberts has not yet taken any considerable quantities of artillery, arms or stores. Large bodies of Boers must be still somewhere in the field. Watervalboven, or Waterfall Bowen, is 130 miles due east of Pretoria, on the Delagoa Bay railway. It is a small place in a mountainous country. The seat of the Boer government—what there is left of it—will probably be Lydenburg, to the north.

A dispatch from Lorenzo Marques, dated Wednesday, says: "Commandant Kraus has surrendered Johannesburg

to Lord Roberts. By late train from Pretoria arrived a few Greeks, who say they were told to leave Pretoria Tuesday. They affirm that the train in which they left was shelled by the British, and that half the train was cut off, the remainder steaming away. This incident probably occurred at Elandsfontein Junction. Passengers from Pretoria assert that the town is utterly demoralized. There is a mad rush for the coast. Five train loads of fugitives are expected here."

General Baden-Powell is invading further north without opposition. Commandant Snyman having gone toward Pretoria. In northern Natal, Utrecht has surrendered to General Hiliard and General Lyttelton is moving to Vryheid. Three different correspondents estimate the number of Boers at Laing's Nek at about 10,000.

The Times says: "The war is practically over. By this time the British flag is flying in Pretoria. Mr. Kruger has fled and is en route half way to Delagoa bay."

FUTURE HOME OF THE BOERS

Lorenzo Marques, May 31.—It would not be surprising if a large proportion of the rebel Dutch sought temporary refuge on Portuguese territory. Although the authorities here are reticent, they are not blind to such a possibility. It is reported that a special train from Pretoria, with fugitives, was derailed on the Transvaal side of Komati poort, number of passengers being killed or injured. The British authorities at Bulawayo think the Boers will retire into southern Rhodesia.

DICTATING TERMS

Pretoria, May 31.—British officers are now at Johannesburg dictating terms of surrender. The British advance guard is half way between Johannesburg and Pretoria. It is reported that there is a force also at Hatchery. All the forces have been dismissed from the forts around Pretoria. President Kruger is now at Watervalboven.

NOT CONFIRMED

London, May 31.—The war office has just announced that no news has been received here tending to confirm a rumor said to be current in Berlin that Johannesburg has been blown up.

BENCH

Warrant Has Been Issued.

Ex Gov. Taylor

Charged With Being an Accessory

To the Assassination of Gov. William Goebel of Kentucky.

The Warrant Issued This Morning and Placed in the Hands of Deputy Sheriff Suter to be Served on Taylor.

Special by Associated Press.

Frankfort, Ky., May 31—Circuit Clerk Fork received an order from Judge Cantrell this morning directing him to issue a bench warrant for the arrest of former Governor W. S. Taylor. The warrant is based on the indictment charging Taylor with being accessory to the assassination of William Goebel. The warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Sheriff Suter, who is acting in the absence of regular sheriff.

1,000 MEN

Will be Organized by the Sheriff

As a Posse Comitatus to Assist the Police

Of St. Louis in Keeping the Peace During the Street Railway Strike. Sheriff to Have Force Ready Soon.

Special by Associated Press.

St. Louis, May 31—Sheriff Pohlman began organizing a posse comitatus of 1,000 men to aid the police in preserving order during the Street Railway strike. He expects to have the posse ready for service by Saturday.

EDICT

Has Been Issued by China.

Death Penalty

Threatened Against All Members

Of the Organization of Boxers Whom Government Finds Proof Against.

All Nations are Sending Troops to the Scene of Action. Fifty Americans Sent to Pekin.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, May 31—The following cablegram was received from Admiral Kempff, this morning:

"Taku, May 30—One hundred men were landed and sent to Tien Tsin yesterday. Fifty of these will go to Pekin this day. The other nations have landed men." Kempff."

DEATH PENALTY

Is Imposed by Chinese Government on the Boxers.

Special by Associated Press.

Shanghai, May 31—The Chinese government issued an edict prohibiting the Boxers organization under penalty of death. The edict, which was signed by the emperor, was couched in equitable terms and promulgated really more as an excuse than in condemnation of the movement.

Missionaries Safe.

Tien Tsin, China, May 31.—The rescue party returned from Ching Hsin Tsin and confirmed the report that the besieged Belgians are now safe at Peking. They found several thousand Boxers about the ruins of Li Kow Chino and Chang Hsin Tsin stations. The bridges have been damaged and the rolling stock destroyed. They further report that the missionaries and others escaped from Pao Ting in boats. Five Russian warships and two Russian gunboats, one French warship, two British warships and one Italian warship have arrived here. They are all landing men.

Heavy fighting has taken place between the imperial troops and the Boxers at Lai-Shin-H-Sen, but the result is not known here. Railway traffic at Peking has been restored. The foreign settlement here is sufficiently protected by the American and Japanese troops which have been landed. Consequently excitement has abated.

SITUATION BETTER.

Peking, May 31.—The situation is somewhat better, the Chinese troops having occupied all disturbed localities. The party rescued at Chang-Sin-Tien defended themselves from a house and fired on the Boxers, killing several. When the troops of the relieving party arrived the house was abandoned and the soldiers looted and burned it. Two men and one woman are unaccounted for. It is feared they are in the hands of the Boxers.

The gravest anxiety is now felt as to the probable behavior of the Chinese troops, most of whom sympathize with the patriotic movement to drive out the foreigners who are regarded as gradually absorbing China.

HATE WHITE MEN.

London, May 31—Sir Halliday McCartney, counselor and English secretary to the Chinese legation in London, says he regards the rebellion as grave, although he is hopeful that it may be suppressed. The danger lies, in his opinion, in the fact that among the Chinese there are large numbers of inflammable persons. The Boxers is a new organization. Sir Halliday never heard of it during his 20 years' residence in China. Its members, he says, hate all white men.

RUSSIAN TROOPS BARRED.

Tien Tsin, May 31.—The Chinese refuse to allow Russian troops to pass the Taku fort.

Special by Associated Press.

Chicago, May 31—Cattle receipts 13,000, dull, weak; steers, 495-560. Hogs, receipts, 35,000, opened shade lower, closed strong, 485-517½. Sheep, receipts, 10,000, 510-585. Live lambs, 57.

GRAIN MARKET.

Special by Associated Press.
Cincinnati, May 31—Wheat, dull, 72. Corn, quiet, 40½. Oats, weak, 24½. Rye, easier, 61. Provisions steady. Eggs, 10½ to 11; butter, steady.

Toledo, May 31—Wheat, 71½. Rye,

57½.

FIRST

Event Augurs Future Success.

Matinee Club

Entertained a Big Crowd in Fine Style.

The Free for All Pace and Trot Brought Out Two Fast Rivals.

Myrtle French and Honey moon Making a Brilliant Finish to the Delight of the Audience.

The situation in Lima yesterday was very much like a three-ring circus—it was impossible to see it all, and the dear holiday-loving people had to choose one attraction and regret that in doing so it could not take in the whole show. With decoration day exercises at Hoover's park, races at the fair grounds and base ball at the Fairview park, there was a variation which appealed to all tastes and each attraction drew its proportion of the crowds.

The Matinee racing club which gave its initial event yesterday afternoon, had an attendance of over 1,000. There were nearly 500 paid admissions at the gate, and the fair sex having been invited to both grounds and grand stand free, turned out in large numbers, while the small boy who scorns the ticket seller, was also there in abundance. The managers of the club deserve to be congratulated upon the success of the affair, as the program offered some decidedly interesting events, and there were several finishes of the hair raising order. Considering everything, criticism of any sort would be out of place, and the crowd was good natured enough not to display its impatience when the long waits between the heats caused excitement to grow cold. There was sad need of a field marshal to stir up the tardy drivers, but this defect will be remedied when the club holds its next meeting.

The band from Waynesfield was present to play between the acts, and the boys had ample opportunity to render about all the selections in their repertoire.

The first event was confined strictly to the club and brought four horses into the field to be driven by their respective owners in a green pace. Hal Onward was driven by P. R. Hoagland; Lenny D by H. J. Dean; Gomarrah by F. H. Gould and Maud K by Dr. J. H. Blattenberg. Considering, as the title indicates, that all of the horses were green, there was but little scoring before starter A. Scott had them off.

Hal Onward had the pole and stuck to it like a plaster to the end of the circuit. Lenny D gave him a chase for the wire and Gomarrah came up beautifully from a long way back, but Hoagland captured the heat in a manner which declares him to have passed the novice stage.

It looked like the race was already pocketed by Mr. Hoagland but in the second heat he was tricked by Mr. Gould who came up out of the shadows with speed to burn, while Hoagland was taking the measure of Dr. Blattenberg's Maud K. Gomarrah won the heat and the horses were sent to the stable to be groomed for what proved to be the final test.

Opinion was divided among those in the judge's stand as to which of the two horses now considered strictly in it, would win the third heat, and honors were even almost to the wire. Both horses broke several times before the circle was completed, but Gomarrah made a bad ascension just at the finish, and failed to get his feet again in time to overcome the advantage his bed acting had given Hoagland's handsome brown. Following is the summary:

CLUB EVENT—GREEN PACE.

Hal Onward, Hoagland.....1 2 1
Gomarrah, Gould.....4 1 2
Maud K. Blattenberg.....3 3 3
Lenny D. Dean.....2 4 4

Time—half mile heats, 1:29; 128½; 1:26½.

The second event was very interesting—the 2:40 trot which brought out three starters, Belle Ferris, Mack No-

lan and Al McCann. Belle Ferris won both heats. Drive Sisson kept her just beyond the danger line in the first and easily took her second away from Mack Nolan. Driver Phillips spoiled several scores by leading the pole horse, and when they did get away, he went up in the air with Mack Nolan and finished a beautiful third.

SUMMARY—2:40 TROT.

Belle Ferris, J. O. Hover.....1 1
Mack Nolan, John Lawson.....3 2
Al McCann, John Crowder.....2 dr

Early in the afternoon black clouds threatening clouds, which let out an occasional boom, began to bank up in the north, and to avoid what was believed to be an approaching storm a number left the grounds. The more venturesome remained and were rewarded with a taste of genuine racing when a fast field lined up for the free for all pace. Myrtle French and Honey moon were the pick of the bunch and the contest, as predicted, settled down between these two speedy mares. It was a hard field to manage and a lot of unnecessary scoring was done on account of the killing pace set at the start. They came to the wire each time at a two minute gait and the circus act of Harry W would eventually sent them back to the post. Richard had the pole until in the home stretch, when Myrtle French nosed ahead on the outside and driver Phillips, hugging the fence, shoved Honey moon through the narrow gap. The three horses came home like a whirlwind but Myrtle French had taken the first burst of speed and led under the wire by a length.

The second heat was fought out between the same two horses, but the finish was marred by Honey moon's bad break at a moment when the audience was holding its breath.

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT AND PACE.

Myrtle French, G. W. Curtis.....1 1
Honey moon, Phillips & McGee.....2 2

Richard, Dick Sinclair.....3 4
Ira Dawson, T. W. Mitchell.....5 3

Harry W., Ed. Williams.....4 5

Time—1:11; 108½.

The free-for-all trot was a walk over for A. G. from the start. Ella Lee and Freda F. contested the first heat with him, but the last named horse was withdrawn before the second. A. G. had third position but Sisson took a wide circuit and cut into the pole not a hundred yards from the wire. From that on it was a solo. In the second Ella Lee made a run of it for a quarter of the circuit and was all but distanced:

FREE-FOR-ALL TROT.

A. G., G. W. Curtis.....1 1
Ella Lee, Chas. Fasig.....3 2

Freda F., Joseph Phillips.....3 dr

Time—1:15½; 1:15.

Between heats in the last two races Doc. Harper's running mare, Eurydice, went a trial quarter in 25 seconds.

FIVE

Persons Were Shot Yesterday.

Two Were Hurt

Fatally in the Trouble Over the Strike.

One Man was a Block Away From the Scene of the Shooting.

When He Got a Bullet in His Abdomen. Another Was Caught Between the Two Firing Lines.

Special by Associated Press.

LEADER OF THE BOERS.

How General Louis Botha Came to the Front.

POSSESSOR OF GREAT ENERGY.

Beloved by His Men, He Is With Them in Battles, if Possible a Little in Front—At Pieter's Heights He Fought Shoulder to Shoulder With Them in the Trenches.

Unbiased news giving any adequate idea of matters and feeling in the Transvaal itself seldom appears in the English newspapers. But by the last mails Douglass Story has enabled the London Daily Mail to make an interesting exception to this rule. A strong Boer sympathizer, he writes nevertheless with fairness that is generally lacking in the English war correspondents' articles. Under date of Pretoria Mr. Story says:

"Reputations have been lost and won here in the Transvaal since Oct. 11 last. Old leaders of the people have had to yield place to younger men, and military genius has been discovered in the least suspected quarters. As leaders and as fighting men the younger generation have given the best to the service of the republics. In battle they have proved the most obedient and the most trustworthy, in council the most thoughtful and farseeing."

"In a young man of 30 the two states have placed all their trust. Six months ago Louis Botha was esteemed as an honest man and a gentleman as a progressive member of the First volksraad and as warden of the Zulu marches. An eloquent speaker in Dutch and in English and the happy possessor of an infinite personal charm, he was marked out for a brilliant political career. He was untired and wholly ignorant of his own strength.

"In the battlefield it was different. Modesty is there high treason, and Louis Botha is no traitor. It was he who, along with old Gert de Jaeger, led the people at Dundee. Had his promised supports been forthcoming, General Symons would then have been surrounded. Two days later, had his plan been adopted, General Vale would have been intercepted in his magnificent march from Dundee to Ladysmith. But Louis Botha was still but a commandant, and his 11 days' experience of warfare was inadequate to secure the abandonment of traditional tactics by his fellow commanders.

"It was his military genius, however, that designed the birth of Rietfontein on Oct. 30, when Sir George White's main column was drawn into a cross fire, his right driven back in disorder and his left captured entire at Nicholson's Neck. Louis Botha's right to speak was now unchallenged in the 'try-squadron.' His years of inexperience had been wiped out by three weeks of experiment in the field. Still he was unable to secure the institution of the more active tactics he advocated against Ladysmith. The old men of the war council bade him go easily, trust in Providence more and in human endeavor less. So, perchance, he had to sit down with the others on the hills overlooking Ladysmith, waiting for miracle to deliver it into their hands.

"Common sense, energetically applied, makes an excellent substitute for military booklore in the field. Louis Botha possesses the common sense, and energy is the very essence of his being. Where his men are he is, if possible a little in front. On the Tugela he superintended the blowing up of the positions with 26 men as his companions in the presence of as many thousands of the enemy. At Pieter's Heights he fought shoulder to shoulder with his men in the trenches and for the last four days and nights never closed his eyes in sleep.

"The Boers have little patience with the man who does not succeed and long with the man who fails. Joubert's brilliance has dimmed, and Cronje has been snuffed out as a farting dip. Cronje was unique among the Transvaal generals. He alone ruled by fear. A silent man, with stooped shoulders and hard, blundering eyes, men were never attracted to him as they were to Lucas Meyer and Louis Botha. Whip always in hand, he stood over them as a harsh schoolmaster stands over his boys in school. No week knew burgher ever came to Cronje for leave to go home. At Paardeberg he had no ambience, refused Lord Roberts' offer to relieve him of his wounded and preferred to have their hurts dressed with tobacco leaf to accepting a favor at his enemy's hands. Had Cronje's pride permitted him to tell the truth an attempt would have been made to relieve him by the Free State generals, De Wet and De la Rey, but he would neither seek aid nor abandon his warrons. Grim old hunter he stuck to his post to the end."

Growing Young at the Age of 100. Norman Raillings of Deer Isle is 100 years old. His exhibits indications of returning vigor that are considered marvelous. His eyesight for years was so feeble that he had to use the strengths of glasses, and now he does not use spectacles even to read. He goes about without the use of any cane, his lameness and stiffness entirely gone. The most remarkable evidence of returning youth, according to the Lewiston Evening Journal's Bar Harbor (Me.) correspondent, is in his hair. Years ago Mr. Raillings' hair began to fall out and gradually fell out altogether, becoming entirely bald. In the last few months his hair has started to grow, and he says he is certainly growing young again and feels as young now as at 75 years.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents

AN OUTING AT THE OCEAN.

Seashore Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines Will be Run August 9th.

The annual low rate excursion to the seashore will be run via Pennsylvania Lines Thursday, August 9th. On that date reduced fare tickets will be sold to Atlantic City, Cape May, Gloucester, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

The round trip from Lima, Ohio will be \$14.00 to either of the ten resorts mentioned, which constitute the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast.

No more enjoyable vacation outing can be planned than a visit to the seashore in mid summer. Arrangements may be made for participating in the pleasures offered by this excursion by communicating with ticket agent Lima, Ohio. 4-27d&wim

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Halls Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. 75c. Half's Family Pills are the best.

Excursions to Akron via Pennsylvania Lines and C. A. & C. Railway. The Sunday School Association of Ohio will convene June 5th, at Akron. Low rate excursion tickets will be sold June 4th and 5th via Pennsylvania Lines and C. A. & C. Rail way, valid returning not later than Friday, June 5th.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Buckle's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North streets.

New Series That Will Adorn New York's Unfinished cathedral.

The witty assertion that "the United States has no ruins and imports its curiosities" finds some verification these days in the crypt of St. John the Divine, the Protestant Episcopal cathedral now in process of erection on Morningside heights, in New York.

The crypt was opened more than a year ago to Sunday service, and its walls hung with two of a series of 12 famous tapestries destined for the mural decoration of the completed cathedral.

As no work on tapestry is

considered complete without a description of these new possessions, the story of their coming to St. John the Divine is not without interest, says Harper's Weekly.

The subject of the series is "Scenes From the Life of Christ." The "Visit of the Wise Men" and "The Resurrection" are the subjects of the tapestries now hanging in the crypt, "The Last Supper" having recently been removed to make way for the altar. The remainder of the series is in storage to await the completion of the cathedral, for which they were bought at a cost of \$75,000, and bequeathed to the authorities as a memorial by the late Mrs. Elizabeth U. Coles.

As the completion of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will not be witnessed by the present generation, these famous tapestries are liable to be as inaccessible to the eye of the new as they were for half a century to that of the old world unless it pleases the authorities to replace those now in the crypt from time to time by the pieces in storage until the whole series has been exhibited. Excepting, perhaps, the tapestries commemorating the history of Urban VIII, "Scenes From the Life of Christ" are the most important weaves extant that bear witness to the prosperity of the papal tapestry manufacturer that flourished at Rome for 50 years under the patronage of Urban.

Harvard's New Scholarship.

A fund to yield \$800 a year to found a classical scholarship has been given to Harvard. James Loeb, SS, of New York is the donor, and the prize is to be known as the Norton fellowship, in honor of Professor Charles Eliot Norton, says a Cambridge dispatch to the New York Times. In making the gift Mr. Loeb writes that it is in order to record in a fitting manner the eminent services which Professor Norton rendered the cause of archaeology and his prominence in the Archaeological Institute of America and the American School of Classical Studies at Athens. The fellowship will be awarded for the first time next year. The list of subjects has been announced.

The New Giraffe.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North streets.

Excursions to Des Moines, Iowa, via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 17th to 21st, inclusive, account Annual Convention Music Teachers' Association, tickets at reduced rates will be sold to Des Moines, Iowa, from Pennsylvania Lines ticket stations, valid returning Saturday, June 23d, inclusive.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North streets.

The old fashioned woman used to point to her soft soap to illustrate her economy, but the modern woman points to three dozen chicken croquettes she made out of one drumstick.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. FEVER, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.

B. B. SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.

C. C. EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.

D. D. WORMS, Bots, Grubs.

E. E. COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.

F. F. COLIC, Biliary, Diarrhea.

G. G. Prevents MISCELLANEOUS.

H. H. MANGE, Skin Diseases.

I. I. BAD CONDITION, Starling Cost.

J. J. BAD CONDITION, Starling Cost.

K. K. BAD CONDITION, Starling Cost.

L. L. MANAGE, Skin Diseases.

M. M. PREVENTS MISCELLANEOUS.

N. N. VARIOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS.

and Prostration from Over-work or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

1-1/2 oz. 5-1/2 oz. and larger powder, for 35c each. 1-1/2 oz. 5-1/2 oz. and larger powder, for 35c each.

HUMPHREYS' CO. CO. WILLIAM & JOHN ST. NEW YORK. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

POSTOFFICES IN CUBA.

How the Seed of the American System Was Sown There.

GALLANT SERVICES OF A CIVILIAN

deafening. Suddenly there came through the noise of the elements a creaking of rough wheels, a tramp of hoofs and a rattle of chains. Somebody, a drenched and bedraggled figure wrapped in a poncho, lifted the flag of the tent and walked in. It was Brewer.

"Can't stay a minute, boys. I saw your light and just looked in to tell you that I've got it all here in a wagon."

"Got what?"

"Why, the U. S. mail—14 sacks. I'm going to throw it in somewhere under shelter."

Nobody said very much. Certainly nobody told Brewer what he really thought. Outside in the pouring night was a span of mules hitched to a Cuban polo cart that was loaded down with mail. Brewer, with the aid of two Cubans who had only been prevailed upon to accompany him by a prominently displayed revolver, had by desperate labor and infinite patience brought the wagon with its load up and down that mountain trail from Balguiri over as bad a roadway as ever mortal man guided a four footed animal through and in a blinding storm that people housed in safety might tremble to hear.

Twenty-four hours later his wagon, with the letters sorted into some kind of shape, was toiling on to the front, and for days this devoted man, with no superior to spur him on and nothing but his own conscience to give him calm for his exertions, worked like a slave among the troops, just to keep his promise and to let men see that the United States postoffice could conduct its business in the face of shot and shell and meet any emergency that might confront it.

There is not much more to tell about Brewer. Scratching a little food here and there, sleeping in wet trenches, delivering his mail at all hazards, sometimes to men wounded and dying, nature finally rebelled. He was taken back from the front in the same old cart in which he had transported his letters there and in a week was down with yellow fever. Six days later he was dead. They buried him on a little hill not a dozen yards from the old Balguiri trail. American postoffice employees, by special permission of the president, are now subscribing funds for a monument to his memory, and from the postmaster general down they are eager and anxious to make it an enduring and beautiful shaft—a fitting tribute to a gallant man whose devotion led him smiling and unfaltering, into his grave.

That was the way the seed of the American postoffice system was sown in Cuba.

FAMOUS TAPESTRIES.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, scrofula, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

There may have been the usual sprinkling of romance in the marriage of those you know who have lived and quarreled together for twenty years, but it is hard to believe it.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, scrofula, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and
Allen County.
Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'S CO.
OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 84.



DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention of Ohio will be held in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on June 12th and 13th, 1900, for the purpose of selecting four delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention to be held at Kansas City, Mo., July 3rd, 1900—also to nominate two presidential electors-at-large for the state of Ohio, and to nominate candidates for the following state offices:

Secretary of State.

Judge of Supreme Court.

Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Commissioner of Common Schools.

Member of Board of Public Works.

The basis of representation of delegates and alternates to this convention shall be one delegate and one alternate for each 500 votes or fraction of 250 cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1899.

All electors who voted for Hon. John R. McLean for governor, and all other electors who intend to support the Democratic nominees in 1900, are entitled to take part in the election of delegates to this convention.

All delegates and alternates to this convention elected after May 3rd, 1900, shall be chosen in such manner as may be designated by the Democratic county central or controlling committee of each county.

No mass delegations to be admitted.

The counties in this congressional district shall be entitled to the following number of delegates and alternates:

Allen county, 4561..... 9
Auglaize county, 4910..... 8
Darke county, 5628..... 11
Mercer county, 2987..... 8
Shelby county, 3595..... 7

The County Central Committee of each county of the state, where delegates are not yet selected, shall reaffirm this call. As to Cuyahoga county delegates—we recognize and designate the committee recognized by the last Democratic state convention at Zanesville in 1899. A. J. Grimersley, chairman, as the only proper Democratic committee in Cuyahoga county, with authority to arrange for the selection of Cuyahoga county's delegates to the coming state and other conventions, during their legal term of office.

W. S. THOMAS, Chairman.

LOUIS REEMELIN, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The democrats of the Thirty-Second Senatorial district will meet in delegate convention at Van Wert, Ohio, TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1900.

At ten o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of the State Board of Equalization. The basis of representation in said convention will be one delegate for every 100 votes cast for Hon. John R. McLean for governor in 1899, and one delegate for every fraction of 50 votes or over so cast. Under this apportionment the several counties composing the district will have the following vote in the convention:

County.	Delegates.
Allen	16
Auglaize	16
Defiance	16
Hardin	16
Lima	16
Van Wert	16
Williams	16

Necessary two choices
By order of committee.

W. N. SHAFFNER, Secy.

THE BANNER REPUBLICAN STATE IN THE UNION.

Under the head of "An Appalling List of Crimes" the Philadelphia Press recently printed the following terrible recital:

"While the past few months the people of Pennsylvania have been treated to a series of events growing out of political conditions which cannot fail to cause sober reflection. Some of these are local and some general, but all are of a character to bring humiliation to every citizen of the state.

These events include not alone the attempt of the director of public safety of this city to stifle the expression of public opinion by means of official blackmail; they embrace the ballot box frauds, the flight of an ex-member of the legislature to save himself from conviction and prison; the conviction and sentence of a former United States district attorney, with a machine favorite for judicial office, on charges of bribery; the conviction and sentence of election officers in one of the wards in this city; the criminal attempt to impose upon the receiver of taxes 20,000 or more fraudulent orders for tax receipts; the attempt to bribe a jury in the United States court in the Ingham case; the oleomargarine frauds, exposing the inefficiency and corruption in the state agricultural department, confessed by the enforced retirement of the chief of the food and dairy commission; the criminal leakage in the state printing office, through which medical examination questions were obtained in advance; the conviction of several members of the Shamokin borough councils for bribery, and the proceedings against a number of Scranton councilmen in a similar charge; the flight of the Lancaster county treasurer, with \$60,000 of the people's money.

These things, and others less conspicuous, but not less criminal, have all come before the people within the past half year. They furnish reason for earnest reflection on the part of every intelligent and conscientious citizen of Pennsylvania who has regard for the good name of the commonwealth and who is capable of feeling the shame with which widespread political crimes afflict it. The most of these events are directly due to the active purposes of that criminal combination known as the machine; the others are due to the low and depraved political methods which have been cultivated by the machine.

It is all right for the Administration to run after the Cuban postoffice thieves but that doesn't excuse it for making the appointments. They were known to be "out of the make" when they were appointed. An Indiana politician demanded the place for Neely because Neely was in hard luck and "up against it." So it was pull and not desert that got him his place. The administration didn't steal but it sent a fellow there that it knew might steal; now let it bear the disgrace. And reaching after the scallwags will not clear it although that is better than doing nothing. It will be time enough to raise the pressure when the punishment has been given to the rascals.—Delphos Courier (Rep.)

In spite of the fact that travel to Cape Nome has been invited and stimulated to an unexampled degree this year, it is practically certain that none of this summer's new comers will be enabled to locate claims in the gold bearing sands which extend for ten miles along the beach. This work was all done last winter by men already on the ground, and intending prospectors must either go farther inland or take chances in the new courts which will soon be established in the territory. Trouble is inevitable at Nome City during the coming open season, since not less than 25,000 men will swarm into the new mining camp, only to find the gold field closed against them.

WHAT TRUSTS ARE DOING.

People generally are feeling the effects of the trust movement and it is interesting most people through their pocketbooks. While the price of nearly everything we buy is increased, there is no corresponding increase in wages, and the effect on the cost of living is the same as a reduction in wages would be. To what extent the people are affected by the trusts is well explained in the following from the Dry Goods Economist of May 26:

In a general way everyone has realized that the multiplication of trusts during the past few years has resulted in throwing out of employment more or less trained labor. We are hardly prepared, however, for the enormous figures which this represents in certain branches of business. The New York Times is authority for the statement that since the concentration of mercantile and commercial industries into trusts, 350,000 commercial travelers have been thrown out of employment. This represents a saving to these trusts in salaries alone of \$3,000,000 per day. It is stated on equally good authority that a like amount is saved by the consequent withholding of advertising patronage from the general paper press. These figures are almost staggering, and we do not wonder that the American people grow indignant when they stop to think that this saving of \$6,000,000 per day adds just so much to the revenue of the already multi-millionaires. Three hundred and fifty thousand men thrown out of employment! Think of



the discouragement, trial and even privation which this represents. If it were an economy for the general good of the whole, that would be another thing, but instead we must own up to the fact that the millions which are made by this reduction in expense are simply food for the giant octopus, which is now assuming formidable proportions.

It is all right for the Administration to run after the Cuban postoffice thieves but that doesn't excuse it for making the appointments. They were known to be "out of the make" when they were appointed. An Indiana politician demanded the place for Neely because Neely was in hard luck and "up against it." So it was pull and not desert that got him his place. The administration didn't steal but it sent a fellow there that it knew might steal; now let it bear the disgrace. And reaching after the scallwags will not clear it although that is better than doing nothing. It will be time enough to raise the pressure when the punishment has been given to the rascals.—Delphos Courier (Rep.)

We trot now, and the proof of it is that beyond the mere means of existence whatever he makes or earns must go into the ever expanding tax mill which is grinding him into poverty when he is not paying into the trusts and combines.

But, soberly, it is now no child's play to save the principles of Jefferson from total overthrow in this nation. This is a world of compensation, and he who would be no slave must consent to have no master. Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves and under a just God, cannot long retain it.—Abraham Lincoln.

BRYAN AND M'KINLEY.

A Comparison of the Leaders of the Two Great Parties.

Both Mr. Bryan and Mr. McKinley are better known than they were four years ago. The net result is that the people know where to find Mr. Bryan and they do not know where to find Mr. McKinley. There lies the difference between the statesman and the politician.

Something more is demanded in a large plant of this kind, and the practicability of the system is thoroughly demonstrated. The experiments have shown conclusively that with two terminals maintained at an elevation of not more than 30,000 to 35,000 feet above sea level and with an electrical pressure of 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 volts the energy of thousands of horsepower can be transmitted over distances which may be hundreds and if necessary thousands of miles. I am hopeful, however, that I may be able to reduce very considerably the elevation of the terminals now required, and with this object I am following up an idea which promises such a realization. There is of course a popular prejudice against using an electrical pressure of millions of volts, which may cause sparks to fly at distances of hundreds of feet, but, paradoxical as it may seem, the system, as I have described it in a technical publication, offers greater personal safety than most of the ordinary distribution circuits now used in the cities. This is in a measure borne out by the fact that although I have carried on such experiments for a number of years no injury has been sustained either by me or any of my assistants.

From that moment when it was observed that, contrary to the established opinion, low and easily accessible strata of the atmosphere are capable of conducting electricity the transmission of electrical energy without wires has become a rational task of the engineers and one surpassing all others in importance. Its practical constitution would mean that energy would be available for the uses of man at any point of the globe, not in small amounts such as might be derived from the ambient medium by suitable machinery, but in quantities virtually unlimited from waterfalls. Export of power would then become the chief source of income for many happily situated countries, as the United States, Canada, Central and South America, Switzerland and Sweden. Men could settle down everywhere, fertilize and irrigate the soil with little effort, and thus the entire globe could be transformed and made a better abode for mankind. It is highly probable that if there are intelligent beings on Mars they have long ago realized this very idea, which would explain the changes on its surface noted by astronomers. The atmosphere on that planet, being

of considerably smaller density than that of the earth, would make the task much more easy.

Of the future of wireless telegraphy Tesla says:

"Stationary waves in the earth mean something more than mere telegraphy without wires to any distance. They will enable us to attain many important specific results impossible otherwise. For instance, by their use we may produce at will from a sending station an electrical effect in any particular region of the globe; we may determine the relative position or course of a moving object, such as a vessel at sea, the distance traversed by the same or its speed, or we may send over the earth a wave of electricity traveling at any rate we desire, from the pace of a turtle up to lightning speed.

"With these developments we have every reason to anticipate that in a time not very distant most telegraphic messages across the oceans will be transmitted without cables. For short distances we need a 'wireless' telephone, which requires no expert operators. The greater the spaces to be bridged the more rational becomes communication without wires. The cable is not only an easily damaged and costly instrument, but it limits us in the speed of transmission by reason of a certain electrical property inseparable from its construction. A properly designed plant for effecting communication without wires ought to have many times the working capacity of a cable, while it will involve incomparably less expense. Not a long time will pass. I believe, before communication by cable will become obsolete, for not only will signaling by this new method be quicker and cheaper, but also much safer. By using some new means for isolating the messages which I have contrived an almost perfect privacy can be secured."

During a recent visit to Oberammergau Ida Shaper Hoxie witnessed the preparations for the decennial presentation of the Passion play and talked with the chief personages of the cast. Of these she writes in the June Ladies' Home Journal: "The Judas of 1890, the painter and decorator Johann Zwink, because of his excellent interpretation at that time and his unchanged appearance, plays the same role again this year. The youthful John of 1890 again assumes that role. Though now 29 years old he has retained the fresh, youthful expression of ten years ago. He spends his days in his workshop beside his home carving figures of the Madonna and of the Christ.

"Anton Lang, Jr., the son of a stonemason and following his father's trade, seems to have been the one person of the village looked upon by all as the Christ for 1900. In 1880, as a child of 5, and again in 1890 he took the part as one of the people. I called at his humble little home and was cordially received. The plain, meager, rude little living room was repellent in its bareness. When the son Anton, in blue overalls and jeans jacket, entered and smiled at me, I forgot the room. As I looked into his face, seeming as innocent and sweet as a child's, yet showing the strength and the character of the grown man, I think I experienced a feeling akin to that which the friends of the lowly Jesus must have had as they came in contact with him in his early years, when they were yet unaware of his divine nature.

"One would expect that a religiously imbued community, giving a play because of a religious vow, would seek to make the entrance price as small as possible in order that all might come and learn.

"But the people of Oberammergau, having learned the value of their production, seem nothing loath to combine religion with business. They charge, therefore, as much as the regular German theaters, the prices this year varying from 50 cents to \$2.50. The expenses incurred by the village in preparing for this year's presentation exceed \$75,000. Yet the people hope to realize something for themselves from their work. One-third of what remains after the expenses are paid will be devoted to building a vault and chapel in the village burial place. The remaining two-thirds will be divided among the players, among whom there will be at least one representative from each home in the village."

New Alarm Gun.

James Mowrer of Casper, Wyo., has invented an alarm gun to be used in sheep camps to frighten away wolves, coyotes and mountain lions. The gun, according to the Denver Republican, has a capacity of 20 shots and is mounted on a revolving table, the gun and table being operated by clockwork. A lantern is also placed on the table. The machine can be so arranged as to fire a shot as often as desired. The alarm gun has been tried with success and the machine will shortly be placed on the market.

Kansas' Great Wheat Crop.

Five million acres of the rolling plains of Kansas are carpeted with waving wheat. For the fourth consecutive year Kansas will harvest one of the greatest wheat crops in her history, says the Washington Star. While it is yet two months to the time when actual figures can be given, present conditions are so favorable that it can be said that the wheat production of Kansas will amount to over 100,000,000 bushels in 1900.

Without a Moral.

John Van Brimmer, a well known character in Marion, O., stood in the center of the Big Four track at that place the other evening, took a drink of whisky from a flask and before he could get out of the way was struck by a passenger locomotive and hurled a distance of 30 feet. He escaped with a broken leg and a number of bruises.

To June.

Mouth of the perfect love—
Mouth of the perfect love—
The mellow mounting dove—
Thine only note of grief—
Oh, let me hide within thy shade a sorrow past relief!

This note is when employ—
All nature's own delight—
Frances and warmth and joy—
Admit me to thy thoughts—
Thee canst not dull the pang, but, oh, tue every chord to song!

—Walter Brooke in June Century.

GREAT EXPORT RECORD.

Manufactures Worth \$40,000,000,
Sent Abroad In April.

EUROPEAN MARKETS INVADE
America's Foreign Trade Increases
Over 150 Per Cent in the Last Decade
Greatest Advance Is in Metals
and Manufactures Thereof—Remarkable Growth in Iron and Steel

An exportation of \$40,000,000 worth manufactures in 30 days is a record unparalleled for American manufacturers. That is the record for the month of April, 1900, according to the details of the April exports just completed by the treasury bureau of statistics at Washington. This gives assurance that the exports of the fiscal year which ends with June will considerably exceed \$40,000,000 and be nearly three times as much as a decade ago.

This phenomenal increase in exportation of manufactures is especially striking when compared with the progress made by European nations, our rivals in the attempt to supply the world's market with manufactured goods.

Great Britain's exports of manufactures show but slight increases since 1890, and an examination of the export record of the principal European countries fails to disclose an increase which the increase has been as much as 25 per cent, while that of the United States, meanwhile, has been more than 150 per cent.

An examination of the details of our own exportation of manufacture shows that it is in the production manufacture and exportation of metal we seem to excel. In 1880 manufactures formed less than 2 per cent of our total exportation of manufactures, and in 1900 will be about 45 per cent. The increase in exportation of metals and manufacture thereof in the decade 1880-1890 was 33 per cent, while the increase in the exportation of all manufactures in the same period was but 110 per cent, and the increase in manufacture other than those of metal during that time was but 53 per cent. In this statement only those articles composed exclusively of metals are included; those made up of parts of metals, such as railway cars, agricultural machinery, etc., being included in the other manufactures. The rapid increase in the exportation of metals is shown by the fact that the exports of brass and copper in 1880 were but \$2,121,127, and in 1900 will reach \$17,000,000; instruments for scientific purposes increased from \$1,032,638 to \$2,770,803 in the year about to end will reach nearly \$6,000,000; copper and its manufactures thereof in 1880 were but \$2,345,954, will be more than \$30,000,000 in 1900; iron and steel increased from \$21,150,077 in 1880 to \$70,465,885 in 1898, while in the fiscal year 1900 it will exceed \$100,000,000.

Another interesting fact developed by the examination of the figures is that the European countries in which manufacture have been long established furnish as satisfactory a market for our manufactured goods as do the countries where manufacturing has not yet been largely developed.

In repers and mowers, clocks and watches, sewing machines, bicycles and the various manufactures of iron and steel and many other articles of the higher grades of manufacture the figures are included; those made up of parts of metals, such as railway cars, agricultural machinery, etc., being included in the other manufactures. The rapid increase in the exportation of metals is shown by the fact that the exports of brass and copper in 1880 were but \$2,121,127, and in 1900 will reach \$17,000,000; instruments for scientific purposes increased from \$1,032,638 to \$2,770,803 in the year about to end will reach nearly \$6,000,000; copper and its manufactures thereof in 1880 were but \$2,345,954, will be more than \$30,000,000 in 1900; iron and steel increased from \$21,150,077 in 1880 to \$70,465,885 in 1898, while in the fiscal year 1900 it will exceed \$100,000,000, or more than seven times that of 1880.

No feature of our export trade has been more remarkable growth during the decade than in rails for railroads, especially those of steel.

The total exportation of iron rails in 1880 was 7,338 and in 1898 229,783, while the value increased from \$225,357

in 1880 to \$4,613,376 in 1898, and in the fiscal

LIMA

**Will Not Lose W.J.
Barrett,**

Who Resigned

**Rejects an Offer of An-
other Position**

**Which Would Retain Him
in the Service of the L.
E. & W. at Ft. Wayne**

**Narrow Escape of an L. E. & W.
Gravel Train from a Serious
Wreck—General Railroad
News of Interest**

W. J. Barrett, the present foreman of the blacksmith department at the L. E. & W., whose resignation becomes effective June 15, has been offered a similar position that if accepted would retain him in the service of the same company. Mr. Barrett's resignation was made compulsory by reason of the recent changes in the road's official staff, but recognizing his ability master mechanic White offered him a good position in the company's service at Ft. Wayne, the northern terminal of the Ft. W. C. & L. branch of the road. Mr. Barrett has declined to accept the new position, however, for the reason that he prefers to remain in Lima where he has made his home for about thirteen years.

BROKEN WHEEL FLANGE.

A few days ago an L. E. & W. gravel train that was west bound and in charge of conductor T. E. Davis was pulled into a siding to permit an east bound gravel train to pass and just as the train got into the "clear" one of the cars left the track. The trainmen upon examining the derailed car found that about 20 inches of the flange was broken off of one of the wheels. It was very fortunate that the accident did not occur while the train was running at full speed.

CROSS-EYED ENGINE.

The New York, New Haven and Hartford road has devised twin head lights which enable the engineer to get a view of the country several yards from each side of the tracks. The two headlights occupy the usual position on the smokestack and are side by side, with possibly a yard of space intervening. The lights are arranged so they focus on the rails a hundred yards or so ahead of the engine at the point where the greatest illumination is desirable, and, continuing their X-shaped formation, diverge beyond over the surrounding fields and farmhouses. The idea is to enable the engine men to see for a little distance along the many curves. When an engine comes to a turn in the track the thin beam of intense light thrown by the ordinary single headlight runs off the track, loses itself in the distance, and the engine crew can only guess what may be on the rails stretching away to the right or left ahead of them, but with the new twin lanterns one arm of the other of the X of light reaches along the branching tracks, keeping pace with the engine as it swerves.

L. E. & W. CHANGE AT FOSTORIA.

George Williston has been appointed acting agent of the Lake Erie and Western, at Fostoria, to succeed G. W. Seaman, who tendered his resignation last week for the purpose of embarking in business at Fremont. Patrons of the road hope that Mr. Williston's appointment may be made permanent, as he is well known and popular as well as competent, having at different times filled every desk in the Fostoria office.

NOTES.

The Lake Shore Company is preparing to carry its plans for the improvement of the Lake Erie and Western road to a finish. An order for 1,500 cars will be placed in a few days and 500 of them will be sent to the Lake Erie and Western road.

J. D. Byanskie, machinist in the Wabash shops, has accepted a position in the Lake Erie and Western shops at Lima, Ohio, and will move to that place to-morrow. — Ft. Wayne Sentinel.

"He that seeks finds." He that takes Hood's Sarsaparilla finds in its use pure, rich blood and consequently good health.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of the Games Played in the Several Circuits.

CLUBS, W. L. P.C. CLUBS, W. L. P.C.

Phila. 21 10 .677 Chicago. 17 16 .515

St. L. 18 14 .562 Cin. 12 19 .887

Brock. 18 14 .502 N. Y. 11 19 .896

Pits. 19 16 .510 Bost. 10 18 .823

AT PHILADELPHIA.— R. H. E.

Chicago. 10 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 — 3 11 .5

Philadelphia. 5 1 0 7 0 0 0 0 — 13 16 .1

Butterfield—Galvin and Donahue; Bernhard and McFarland, Umpire—O'Day.

AT BROOKLYN.— R. H. E.

Ind. 6 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 — 11 10 .3

Brooklyn. 6 1 2 1 1 0 0 0 1 .6 .8 .2

Butterfield—Jones, Young and Coates; Kennedy, Kison and Farrell, Umpires—Hurst, Philip and O'Connor. Umpire—Swartzwood.

AT BOSTON.— R. H. E.

Boston. 2 0 3 6 0 0 2 0 0 — 7 2 1

Clarendon. 1 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 .3 .2

Batteries—Lewis and Sullivan; Phillips and Wood. Umpire—Linslie.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

AT MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee 3, Milwaukee 5.

AT INDIANAPOLIS—Indianapolis 4, Detroit 3.

AT BUFFALO—Buffalo 6, Cleveland 7.

AT CINCINNATI—Cincinnati 7, Kansas City 8.

INTERSTATE LEAGUE.

AT MANCHESTER—Manchester 6, Wheeling 6; seven innings—rule.

AT YOUNGSTOWN—Youngstown 5, New Castle 4.

AT FORT WAYNE—Fort Wayne 11, Toledo 4.

AT COLUMBUS—Columbus 1, Dayton 4.

MORNING GAMES.

AT PHILADELPHIA—Philadelphia 3, Chicago 2.

AT NEW YORK—New York 6, Pittsburgh 7.

AT BOSTON—Boston 8, Cincinnati 4.

AT BROOKLYN—Brooklyn 1, St. Louis 5.

AT CHICAGO—Chicago 1, Kansas City 2.

AT MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee 6, Milwaukee 4.

AT BUFFALO—Buffalo 4, Cleveland 7.

AT CINCINNATI—Cincinnati 12, Dayton 2.

AT YOUNGSTOWN—Youngstown 5, New Castle 2.

AT FORT WAYNE—Fort Wayne 4, Toledo 3.

TURF WINNERS.

AT HAWTHORNE—Silverdale, Hermosa, Cincin. Handpress, Prince Blazes, Earl's Rock.

AT ST. LOUIS—Elba, Muskeet, Dr. Cato, Vicksburg, Sam Phillips, Ned Weeks.

AT GRAND-SEASIDE—Dr. Eichberg, James, Tolman, Imp., Lazarus, Lester.

AT LAROMA—Irish, Esmeralda, Hanford, John Bright, Beckman, Crimke.

THE WEATHER.

For Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia and Indiana—Fair weather, with variable winds, indicated for Friday.

DESTRUCTIVE FOREST FIRES.

Toronto, May 31.—The government at Rat Portage reports that forest fires are raging in the Rainy river districts, and already millions of dollars' worth of timber has been destroyed.

HEARST

Has Issued a Call to the Clubs

Urging them to Specially Observe July Fourth.

The President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs Makes an Appeal Which Should be Observed.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, May 31.—Mr. William R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, had a formal conference with the principal Democratic leaders in Washington regarding the plan of campaign to be followed in the approaching presidential struggle. Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee; Representative Richardson, Democratic leader in the house, and others, were present. It was agreed that the Democratic national committee, the Association of Democratic Clubs and the Democratic congressional campaign committee should work in harmony. President Hearst issued a call to Democratic clubs and societies urging the celebration of the Fourth of July with special fervor this year. He asks that all patriotic citizens, regardless of party affiliations, join with them in a new pledge of fidelity to the republic.

FIFTY

PER CENT. OF CONSUMPTION PATIENTS CAN BE CURED.

Such is the Claim Made by the State Board of Health Which Demands That Something Be Done.

The state board of health has filed its fourteenth annual report with Governor Nash. The subject of consumption is exclusively treated and the recommendation made that municipal and state hospitals be established for its treatment. Fifty per cent. of consumptives can be cured if properly treated and the startling statement is made that unless something is done along the line of separate hospitals fully 700,000 of the people now living in Ohio will die from consumption. During the year there were 3,896 cases of smallpox in the state, but only twenty-six deaths from that disease.

He that seeks finds. He that takes Hood's Sarsaparilla finds in its use pure, rich blood and consequently good health.

DOWN

Again Goes the Crude Oil Market

And With it Goes the Once Bright Prospects.

Price of the Production of Both Eastern and Western Fields Clipped off Another Three Cents To-day.

Two months ago the newspapers throughout the northwestern Ohio oil fields were blowing up a monster bubble of the great volume of business that would be done by all branches of the oil producing interests during the present summer. Now the time is an entirely different one. With the slump of 28 cents per barrel in the price of the crude production within four or five weeks' time the bottom has fallen out of the anticipated boom and the bubble has burst. Operators are abandoning leases that are not in "sure thing" territory and drilling is on the wane. The speculators who paid enormous sums for producing wells and promising territory are beginning to count their losses up in the thousands and the end is not yet.

Today's market quotations show another decline of three cents on the barrel for the product of both eastern and western fields. The quotations are now as follows:

Tuna 31.48 Pennsylvania 12.85 Barnesville 12.85 New Castle 12.85 North Lima 12.85 Indiana 12.85

GORDON SAND PRODUCERS.

Edward Wilson, a prominent oil operator, of Parkersburg, W. Va., is a guest of Mr. George W. Barnes today.

Mr. Wilson is an experienced oil man, thoroughly conversant with the situation in Pennsylvania and West Virginia territory.

Speaking of some of the great gushers that have been struck in Pennsylvania and West Virginia, Mr. Wilson said: "The well that to me seems the most wonderful of all, is the well on the Garner farm at Proctor, W. Va. It was drilled in about fifteen months ago, and while never a record breaker, has not varied a barrel from 220 barrels a day. It is these barrels with staying qualities that count.

"Wells cost considerably more in that country than here, but once a man has a good producer in the Gordon sand, he has a permanent pension; \$10,000 or \$12,000 is quite an ordinary price to pay for a well. Teaming bills aggregate about what a well costs in a level country." — Toledo Bee.

Another attempt will be made to find oil in the southern portion of Wyandot county by Marion parties. Upwards of \$20,000 have already been expended in that part, but not the least indication of oil has been found.

MEMORIAL

SERVICES WERE HELD YESTERDAY

MORNING

At the Truro Cemetery Adjoining the Boyhood Home of the Late Calvin S. Brice.

Truro cemetery, two miles southwest of Columbus Grove, has been cleaned and beautified in a fine manner.

It was there that the decoration day services were held yesterday. The cemetery occupies about six acres of land and is laid out on the farms of the Brices, the deceased senator's parents. The little cabin in which Senator Brice was partially raised has been moved back from the roadside to give the cemetery a more extended view.

It now stands on the east side, not ten feet from the graves. This is the resting place of Brice's parents and many of his relatives, besides men famed far and near for deeds in the annals of Putnam county.

TROLLY WIRE

Broke in Two and Cars Were Delayed Nearly an Hour.

About 9:30 o'clock last night a trolley wire above the street railway broke in two in front of the Durbaugh residence on south Main street and traffic was delayed for nearly an hour.

The wire broke as a north bound car was passing at that point and the accident created considerable excitement among the passengers.

McKINLEY WAS THERE.

Hagerstown, Md., May 31.—Another link in the chain which binds together the once warring factions of the north and south was forged by the dedication of a monument erected to the memory of men who wore the blue, and who died in mortal combat on the bloody field of Antietam. Secretary of War Root accepted the monument on behalf of the government. Short speeches followed by men high in official life. President McKinley was present and made a brief address, in which he felicitated the country upon the reunion of the north and south.

Claimed He Was Tortured.

Buffalo, May 31.—Judge Lambert created a sensation in criminal term of the supreme court by excluding a confession and directing the jury to acquit the defendant in the case of Fred Schreiber, a former inmate of the penitentiary, who was placed on trial on a charge of arson in setting fire to a pigeon at the penitentiary. The justice took this action after Schreiber had testified that a confession was wrung from him by imprisoning him in a dungeon with his hands handcuffed above his head and subjecting him to other torture.

FOLLOWING FRANCE'S LEAD.

Berlin, May 31.—Regarding the disorders fomented by the Boxers, a high official of the German foreign office said: "German citizens have not yet been attacked. Germany, therefore, has been following the lead of France in diplomatic action, her citizens being more immediately affected. The case will be otherwise if the German legation at Peking is attacked. The foreign office attributed the troubles in China to the hostile attitude of the present Chinese government towards foreigners."

Ridpath a Sick Man.

New York, May 31.—There was a rumor current that John Clarke Ridpath, who for some weeks has been a patient in the Presbyterian hospital, was dead.

The physicians said that, while he is a very sick man, Mr. Ridpath is not in danger of death, and that his recovery is looked for. There has been a slight improvement in his condition within the last 24 hours.

Car Derailed.

Chicago, May 31.—The failure of a brake to respond resulted in the derailment of a Chicago, Evanston and Edgewater electric car.

Two men were killed and several passengers were badly bruised. The locomotive of the freight train was precipitated into the canal of St. Quentin.

Car Derailed.

Chicago, May 31.—The failure of a brake to respond resulted in the derailment of a Chicago, Evanston and Edgewater electric car.

Two men were killed and several passengers were injured. Those seriously hurt were: Mrs. Catherine Curtin, Mrs. G. Donaldson, Mrs. Henry A. Mosher, Motorman John Kline and John Adamson.

Northcott's Ambition.

Clinton, Ia., May 31.—Lieutenant Governor W. A. Northcott of Illinois, who was the orator here at the Decoration day exercises, announced to a number of present friends that he is a candidate for the Republican nomination for vice president, subject to the judgment of the Illinois delegation to Philadelphia.

At Hongkong.

Hongkong, May 31.—The United States transport Hancock, which left San Francisco April 17 with the United States Philippine commission on board, has arrived here.

FOUR THOUSAND YARDS OF BATISTE AND ORGANIES, WHITES, BLUES, PINKS, BLACKS, AUTOMOBILES, CORNS, LAVENDERS, AND NAVIES, THIRTY INCHES WIDE AT TEN CENTS PER YARD. THESE GOODS HAVE NEVER

OHIO'S WELCOME TO ADMIRAL DEWEY.

How the People of the Buckeye State Will Receive and Entertain the Great Hero of the Salted Seas.

TWO DAYS AND TWO NIGHTS OF FESTIVAL AT COLUMBUS.

In Honor of the Great Event, the Capital City Will Resemble an Eruption of Gay Colors, the Electrical Illuminations Will Be Unusually Extensive and Brilliant, and the Whole Affair Conducted on an Elaborate Scale--An Imposing Parade, a Mammoth and Novel Barbecue, a Colossal Carnival, Public Receptions and a Magnificent Ball Some of the Features Incidental to the Reception to the Man From Manila Bay.

Admiral Dewey will visit Ohio on June 6 and 7. He is to be the guest of the enterprising capital city on these dates. The whole state is likely to be there to greet him. The quiet man who demolished things so neatly and quickly on that memorable May day in Manila bay will be accorded such a welcome as only this great commonwealth can extend. Our people at this opportunity will give vent to their enthusiasm, and express their admiration and esteem for the idol of the American nation in their good old Buckeye way. Since he reached our shores, the great admiral has been accorded ovations outrivalling those ten-



MRS. GEORGE DEWEY.

dered the Roman heroes of old, but none will excel in hearty greeting the reception to be tendered him at Columbus on June 6 and 7.

For weeks the citizens of the Buckeye capital have been perfecting arrangements for the fitting reception of the naval hero and his gifted wife. Nothing has been left undone, and as the time of Dewey's visit approaches, all is found in a state of preparedness and perfection. Great crowds will swarm into Columbus from all points of the compass, but the arrangements made by the public-spirited citizens of that city insure the safety, comfort and convenience of all. There will be room and a good time for each and every one.

On this occasion everything will be on a splendid scale. The parade will be large and magnificent, the fireworks unusually elaborate, the decorations beautiful and profuse, the illuminations extensive and brilliant, the carnival a source of delight and the barbecue novel and prodigious.

In honor of the coming of the hero of Manila bay, the city of Columbus is putting on a gala dress such as it has never worn before. A lavish display of colors will greet the eye at every turn. Beautifully decorated public and private structures and miles of residences will charm the beholder by day and reflect resplendently under a myriad of electric illuminations by night.

Every home, humble or pretentious, will enshrine its token of welcome to the admiral. The business section of the city will resemble a scene in fairyland. It will be fairly ablaze with national colors and lights. Miles of the beautiful electric arches which span High and other streets on this occasion will be festooned with bunting, flags, streamers and appropriate devices. At Broad and High streets, in the very heart of the city, is being erected the Dewey arch, which will be adorned in artistic style.

Display of Fireworks.

The display of fireworks will be on a scale probably never before attempted in this state. During the progress of the parade, a world of Japanese pyrotechnics will make a playground of the sky, beautiful and fantastic figures evolving from the thunder of guns. At night the display will be all that human ingenuity can devise. Myriads of hissing and bursting rockets and shells will fill the heavens with comedy figures and designs of all colors, shapes and sizes. Among the interesting pieces to be displayed is "The Battle of Manila Bay." It will be a miniature reproduction of that famous naval conflict. When this piece is in motion the effect will be astonishing to

the general assembly. The meeting here will be called to order at 11 a.m., the visitors being welcomed by the reception committee and an address delivered by Mayor Samuel Swartz. At noon Admiral Dewey is expected to be present and his arrival will be heralded by a salute of 17 guns. Next the barbecue will be served. This feast will consist of roast beef, pork, mutton, spring lamb, hardtack, pickles, bread, coffee, sugar and milk. Then will follow a varied program of amusements, consisting of foot-race for old soldiers, tug of war, wheelbarrow race, army mule race, free-for-all pace and trot, butchers' horse race, ladies' driving contest, greased pig catching, high jumping, horse exhibit, high jump contest by champion butchers, balloon ascension and other specialties too numerous to mention. Suitable prizes will be awarded in each and every test of skill and endurance. A feature worthy of note will be the marriage of several couples while in midair in a balloon.

In the evening a huge campfire will be held at the spacious Columbus auditorium. Admiral Dewey will be in attendance. On the approach of the admiral a salute of 17 guns will be fired. The auditorium will be appropriately and elaborately decorated on the occasion of the campfire. An immense audience is anticipated, and there will be room for all. The program of the evening will embrace chorus singing and vocal solos, instrumental music, recitations and short addresses by speakers from different parts of the state. Among the orators who will be present are General R. B. Brown of Zanesville, who needs no introduction as a speaker; General J. Warren Keifer of Springfield, a veteran of both the civil and Spanish-American wars; Judge J. S. Gill and Colonel James Kilbourne of Columbus, both of them veterans of the civil war, and Governor George K. Nash, who will deliver the address of welcome. Hon. Emanuel Tompkins will speak on behalf of the board of trade, his subject being: "The Relation of the Citizen and Business Men to the Soldier."

Exercises of Second Day.
On the second day the carnival will be in progress at the Columbus driving park, and a public reception will be held in the rotunda of the statehouse. At 2:30 p. m. the great parade will move, under the direction of Grand Marshal H. A. Axline. All the soldiers will form in one division, subject to the order of the marshal. A more extended account of the parade, fireworks, etc., will be found elsewhere in this review. The band stand at the park will be used by the admiral and party to participate in the bunting and witness the carnival of sports and amusements that follows. Returning, the guests will make a stop at the Jeaf and Dumb Eye Inn and be received by the officers and pupils of that institution. In the evening Admiral and Mrs. Dewey will be conducted by the Franklin county ex-soldiers and sailors' societies to the Columbus auditorium, there to participate in the great campfire. A splendid program has been arranged for this event.

On Thursday, June 7, at 9:30 a. m., the admiral and wife will be tendered a public reception at the state capitol. Here Governor George K. Nash will make the welcoming address. Those wishing to attend this reception will pass in at the north door, greet the admiral in the rotunda and pass out by the west and south doors. This event will close promptly at 11:30, when the admiral's party will be driven to the Columbus club for luncheon.

The Parade.
At 2:30 p. m. the great event of the second day, the magnificent parade, will move. Admiral and Mrs. Dewey and the reception committee will occupy the reviewing stand on East Broad street. The pageant will consist of six divisions and be composed of soldiers and sailors of all wars, military and civic organizations, trades and labor unions in bright regalia, and numerous and attractive floats, the whole to be punctuated at easy intervals with elevated brass bands. It will move in the following order:

Platoons of Police--W. P. Tyler, chief Grand marshal and staff.
Ohio National Guard--Brigadier General John C. Speaks, commanding.
First division--Colonel L. B. Poets, commanding; Mexican war veterans in carriages, ex-soldiers and sailors, war of rebellion.
Second division--Colonel A. B. Colit, commanding; Spanish war veterans.
Third division--Major Mooney, commanding; independent military and university cadets.
Fourth division--Colonel Henry M. Innis, commanding; Uniformed societies.
Fifth division--Frank B. Cameron, commanding; Labor organizations.
Sixth division--R. J. Jeffrey, commanding; Manufacturers' display.

In the evening at 8 o'clock will open the reception and ball at the Hotel Chittenden. This function promises to be one of the most elaborate and distinguished in the history of the state. Men prominent in public life will attend. The din and roar of the day, occasioned by the following guns, cheering thousands and the blaze of blantant bands, will give way to the Italian orchestra's dulcet strains, to which the queens of society and gay cavaliers will trip the light fantastic till the wee small hours and pitch dull care to the winds.

Friday morning, the 8th, the admiral and party will be escorted to their train by members of the reception committee and the Columbus Rifles.

Visiting members of the press will be royally entertained by their brethren of Columbus. Commodious and

NOBLESS OBLIGE.

Not for thee, oh friend, the easy task, for thou art strong;
And though, borne down with burdens the way seems hard and long,
Yet know that God but giveth thee
True title of nobility.

In this, knowing thee even better than thyself,
To prove thee, saying to all thy world, Behold a man!

Mary E. Stickney in Lippincott's.

Grafton?" she asked at last, with some eagerness.

"Mrs. Grafton--Mrs. Grafton," he repeated, shaking his head. "She is not a patient of mine."

"Not now, but somehow I feel as if you must be the man I am looking for. Is there any way you can find out whether you had a patient named Grafton years ago? Oh, it is very important that I should know!" she concluded earnestly.

"I will consult my books of that time," he said kindly and arose.

"As he walked across to the closet where he kept these records of his early struggles the woman's eyes followed him with eager intentness. Suddenly she got up and ran to his side.

"Ah, I know it is you! The moment you walked away I knew beyond a doubt it was just as I were back again in the room where my baby died and saw you leave me to go for my husband! Oh, you must remember me! You tried so hard to save my dear little boy. I lived in an old stone house that stood in a big garden. I was ill after my baby died, and you attended me--so kindly, so well! And then we went away and did not pay your bill. It is 20 years ago, and you are changed, but I know you now!"

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It eliminates from the blood disease breeding poisons. It makes the blood rich and pure, and furnishes a foundation for sound, physical health.

"About ten years ago I had trouble with my stomach," writes Mr. Wm. Connolly, of 3310 Euclid Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio. "I got so bad that I had to be off quite often--two weeks at a time. I have been treated by the best doctors in this city, but got no help. Some said I had cancer of the stomach, others dyspepsia. Then I wrote to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for his pellets. These medicines I have taken as directed, I commenced to get better from the start, and have not had a day this summer on account of the cold, except a few days at the top, and better than I have for ten years past."

Keep the bowels healthy by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They don't grip.

Special Rates to Milwaukee via Pennsylvania Lines

Ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines will furnish information about reduced rate tickets to Milwaukee, which will be on sale over those lines on June 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th, account

of the meeting of General Federation of Woman's Clubs. Apply to nearest agent of the lines mentioned.

How London Lives.

The art of living cheaply has been accomplished in London. For breakfast no one thinks of taking a heavy meal. People there know the value of money and expend it accordingly. All over London are eating houses where a meal can be had at from 6 to 15 cents. Invariably the people drink coco or chocolate, a cup of this is almost a meal in itself. The price varies from 2 cents to 3 cents a cup.

One system of restaurants use so much cocoa that they make their own. In America we have not yet discovered the great food value of this article. When buying ask for Cleveland Cocoa, Rose's Unsweetened or Rose Sweet Chocolate. Look for the name of the manufacturer on the package.

d&wim

LAND and FARMS.

TIMBER and STONE.

IRON and COAL.

LABOR--EVERYTHING

Free site, financial assistance, and free from taxation, for the manufacture and farms at \$10 per acre and upwards, and 50 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead Act.

Stockraising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.

Halt for excursions the first and third Thursdays.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it, but don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly.

Printed matter, maps and all information, free address.

General Immigration and Industrial Agent.

Louisville, KY.

and the greatest changes in the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

LAND and FARMS.

Timber and Stone.

Iron and Coal.

Labor--Everything

Farmers, Fruit Growers

Stock Raisers, Manufacturers

Investors, Speculators

and Money Lenders

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LAND and FARMS.

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Gray Hairs Can be Deferred

Premature gray hairs usually are the effects of carelessness. If the scalp is kept free of dandruff and properly nourished and strengthened, the age of forty or forty-five. There is no remedy in existence that will restore color to gray hairs; but the

Seven Sutherland Sisters'

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleanser, if applied according to directions contained in each package, will restore the gray hair to its natural color, and improve their appearance. There are today thousands of American men and women who have revived the dying energies of their hair through the use of these simple and natural remedies. Sold by leading dealers.

Wall Paper.

The largest line, the best goods, the biggest assortment. Prices—from as low as the lowest, to as high as you wish to go.

CITY BOOK STORE, WOOLERY & RAMSTER, Prop.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

C. H. & D. R. R.
NORTHERN

No.	Arrive.	Depart.
1	10 A.M.	2:20 P.M.
2	10 A.M.	5:30 P.M.
3	Daily except Sunday, 8:30 A.M.	2:30 P.M.
4	Daily, 8:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.
5	Daily except Sunday, 4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.
6	Daily except Sunday, 4:30 P.M.	7:30 P.M.
7	Sunday Only, 7:30 P.M.	7:30 P.M.

BOSTON.

No.	Arrive.	Depart.
8	8:30 A.M.	2:30 P.M.
9	8:30 A.M.	5:30 P.M.
10	Daily except Sunday, 8:30 A.M.	5:30 P.M.
11	Daily except Sunday, 8:30 A.M.	6:30 P.M.
12	Daily, 8:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.
13	Daily, 8:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.
14	Daily, 8:30 A.M.	6:30 P.M.
15	Daily except Sunday, 8:30 A.M.	6:30 P.M.
16	Sunday only,	6:30 P.M.

P. F. W. & C.

In effect 12 o'clock on May 27, 1890.

RAIL BOUND.

No.	To New York, daily, 7:30 A.M.	Arrive.	Depart.
1	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
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66	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
67	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
68	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
69	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
70	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
71	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
72	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
73	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
74	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
75	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
76	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
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80	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
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84	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
85	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
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89	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A.M.
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94	Up to Cleveland, 8:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.	Up to New York, daily, except Sunday

**ALL
Counties to Share
Alike
In the Taxes
Which the C. H. & D.
Road will Pay.**

Common Please Court Took
up the Findlay Street
Case Today.

Judge Miller Has Two Bad Boys to
Deal with but Gets a Promise
From Them of Better
Behavior.

Auditor Walther and ten other
auditors from counties through which
the C. H. & D. railroad runs, won a
victory over the four who represent
Hamilton, Montgomery, Butler and
Warren counties and will have the
taxes equally distributed.

Findlay Street Case.

Common pleas court convened this
morning after a few days' intermission,
and the Findlay street opening
case in which the city and the C. H.
& D. railroad are jointly interested is
being submitted to the regular petit
jury.

TWO TRAITS.

Judge Miller had two incorrigibles up
before him this morning on complaint
of truant officer Povenmire. The boys
are Charles Adams and Homer Reed,
both of whom have been absent from
school on previous occasions without
permission. After a lecture by the
superintendent they were turned over
to the mercy of the court. Judge
Miller released them upon a promise
of good behavior and with the understand-
ing that another appearance
would mean confinement at the Lan-
caster reform school.

BACK TO THE ASYLUM.

Alice M. Reed, who has been an inmate
at the Toledo asylum once before,
was taken to that institution
again this morning by Sheriff Bogart.
Her home is on south main street.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED CHOICE
NEW UP-TO-DATE SPRING STYLES
OF HATS BOUGHT OF A MANUFAC-
TURER FOR SPOT CASH. CHOICE
WILL BE OFFERED FOR FIFTY
CENTS EACH. SEE DISPLAY IN
WINDOW. THESE GOODS ARE
WORTH ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY
CENTS. TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY
CENTS, AND THREE DOLLARS.—
THOMPSON'S DRY GOODS CO.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. L. Connell is home from
Chicago.

H. O. Bentley went to Norwalk this
morning.

Mrs. James Shaw, of south West
street, spent yesterday with friends in
Cridersville. On her return she was
accompanied by Miss Kate Baker.

The Elijah concert Friday night will
be a great success artistically and so-
cially. The box seats have been largely
subscribed for in advance by the
social leaders of the city and a large
and critical audience will be in attend-
ance to "enjoy this masterpiece of
Mendelssohn." Plat is open today at
Melville's. Get your seats early.

LAMP SALE for a few days. We
offer our entire stock of lamps at
special prices. We are doing this in
order to make room, as it is necessary
to tear out our lamp department in
the course of rebuilding the back part
of the store. Don't miss this sale.

F. E. HARMAN,

213 and 215 north Main street.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED CHOICE
NEW UP-TO-DATE SPRING STYLES
OF HATS BOUGHT OF A MANUFAC-
TURER FOR SPOT CASH. CHOICE
WILL BE OFFERED FOR FIFTY
CENTS EACH. SEE DISPLAY IN
WINDOW. THESE GOODS ARE
WORTH ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY
CENTS. TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY
CENTS, AND THREE DOLLARS.—
THOMPSON'S DRY GOODS CO.

"Fortune favors the brave." It is
also favorable to those who purify
their blood at this season by taking
Hood's Sarsaparilla.

11

BON VOYAGE
Extended to the Deisel Family by
the German Society.

The German Society tendered the
family of Henry Deisel a farewell re-
ception last night, on the eve of their
departure for an extended visit to
Europe. They leave Lima next Sun-
day and the society, numbering about
fifty, gathered to wish them bon voyage
and send messages to friends and
relatives beyond the seas.

The evening passed pleasantly with
songs by the Männerchor and short
speeches by a number of gentlemen
present. A repast was furnished the
guests and in leaving warm expres-
sions of a safe and happy journey
were tendered the host and hostess.

INDIANS

Were Given an Awful
Drubbing.

Wapak Team Out-Classed by
the Crescents.

Smith's Wild Pitching All That
Saved the Visitors from Taking
Home a Full Score of
"Goose Eggs."

Sturge Seats' team, the Crescents,
played a magnificent game of ball
against the Wapakoneta Reds at
Fauot's park yesterday afternoon and
the spectators enjoyed the contest
hugely. The only feature of the game
that was not enjoyed was the weak-
ness of the visiting team. The Reds
were outclassed both in the field and
at the bat and had it not been for the
wild pitching of Smith, of the Cres-
cents, the Reds would have gone home
last night without a run to their
credit. Smith has plenty of speed and
makes the pigskin "bend" well but
has poor control.

The Seats boys, as usual put up a
fine game and Lawlor proved a star at
the bat, making the only home run of
the day, one three-base hit, two doubles
and a single in five times up. A very
brilliant play was made at one time by
Mert Seats who made a running left
handed scoop of a hot one that would
have been good for a two-base hit had it
passed him. In the third inning
Smith forced in two runs by giving
men bases on balls and then a single
hit brought in the third score. The
score by innings was as follows:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Wapaks..... 0 0 3 0 0 1 1 0 — 5
Lima..... 0 3 0 3 3 2 0 5 *— 16

FOR LITTLE BOYS.

The latest thing for little boys is an
outfit which consists of a shirt and
pants to match, made of washable
goods. Price for the complete outfit
50c. Just the thing for them to play
in. Mothers of boys should not fail
to see this new lad at Michael's. 621

FOUR THOUSAND YARDS OF
BATISTE AND ORGANZIES, WHITES
BLUES, PINKS, BLACKS, AUTOMO-
BILES, CORNS, LAVENDERS, AND
NAVIES, THIRTY INCHES WIDE AT
TEN CENTS PER YARD. THESE
GOODS HAVE NEVER BEEN SOLD
FOR LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE TO
THIRTY-FIVE CENTS.—THOMP-
SON'S DRY GOODS STORE.

The giving of Elijah for the spring
festival will chronicle the debut of
some very talented Lima vocalists in
the grand field of oratorio singing than
which there is none more exalted.

We refer to Miss Edna Burton, Miss
Florence Campbell, Miss Alice Fisher,
Mrs. A. C. Feltz and Mr. G. H. Mc-
Meany, all of whom possess voices of
great beauty. The Choral Society is
to be commended in giving these singers
this opportunity to begin careers
of rare promise. Lim should com-
pliment the management by liberal
patronage and these singers by
a magnificent audience before which to
sing. Other of our best singers par-
ticipate in the duets, trios, and quartets,
and with Mr. Jones in the title
role, Friday night will be a red letter
night in Lima's musical history. Be
in the audience. Seats \$1, 75c and
50c. Plat now open at Melville's.

See the new stock of WOLFF
AMERICANS before you buy. From
\$25 up. Special prices on present
stock of NATIONALS and ORIENTS.
Full line of sundries.

HARRY RUMBLE,
112 north Elizabeth street.
196 Grawley-44 4t

WORK

Will be Commenced
Tomorrow

Census of 1900

Enumerators then Start
on their Rounds.

An Important Work will be
Performed by
Them.

They should be given all informa-
tion they desire as their work
will thereby be greatly
facilitated.

The blank schedules to be used in
the next census are now being dis-
tributed by the census office enumera-
tors, who will start to work on June
1. The schedules contain questions
which some persons may think prying,
purposeless, or excessive in number.
But their number and character have
been determined by congress, not by
the census office, and all of them have
been asked in previous censuses. The
only important change since 1890 is
that some questions have been aban-
doned.

People are often offended at the
question, "How old are you?" and are
apt to wonder what use the govern-
ment can make of their replies.
Taken as a whole the replies are as im-
portant as any class of information
the census office collects. Age returns
penetrate and elucidate every other
branch of statistical knowledge. They
show where child labor is prevalent
and where the proportion of persons
able to support themselves is large
or small. They reveal the great num-
ber of colored children and the short
life of the negroes under present con-
ditions. They make it possible to as-
certain whether the average length of
life is increasing or decreasing, how
many men the nation contains who
are capable of voting or bearing arms
and whether the relative number of
children is increasing or decreasing.

In Mohammedan or semi-civilized
countries like India householders are
often unwilling to answer the question
regarding the sex of persons in the
house, but in civilized countries where
the sexes are regarded as on an equal
basis such unwillingness does not ap-
pear. The answers to the questions
show that in nearly all cities females
outnumber the males and the same
is true of most of the states along the
Atlantic coast. The belief is wide-
spread that taking the world in gen-
eral there are more females alive at
any given time than males, and that if
they were not for immigration there
would be more females in the United States
than males. But the census statistics
show that we cannot explain the great
excess of males (over one and a half
million) in the United States by immi-
gration alone, for when the foreign
born are left out of account, there are
still above 600,000 more males than
males.

Few would dispute the necessity for
asking questions regarding race. All
questions regarding the future of
any particular race in this country,
like the Indian, the negro or the
Chinaman, must hinge upon the re-
turns of the census. With the Indians,
moreover, it is of the highest impor-
tance to learn what success the
policy of the government has met with
in establishing them apart from their
tribes and reservations, and whether
such Indians are increasing or de-
creasing.

Some mothers may shrink from stat-
ing the number of children they have
had and the number who are living.
But from answers to these questions
the country will learn whether the
native American population is holding
its own or whether, as some have
claimed, it is being gradually sup-
planted and displaced by the children
of recent immigrants.

In the light of such explanations,
and only a few of the most important
questions have been touched upon, it
may perhaps be clear to the public that
no question has been ordered by con-
gress, or has been asked by the census
office which, if properly and correctly
answered, will not lead to suggestive
inferences regarding the American
people and their work.

Don't forget Tuesday, June 5th,
Knights of St. John entertainment at
St. Rose's hall. Admission 25 cents.

"Safe bind, safe find." Fortify your-
self by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now
and be sure of god health for months
to come.

REAL ESTATE.

Lot at Franklin Avenue and Market
Street Sold.

J. O. Ohler and C. F. Lufkin sold
today to Emma H. McKibben, lot No.
62, corner of Franklin avenue and
Market street for \$700. Mrs. McKib-
ben expects to build shortly a hand-
some residence on the lot.

TEN DOLLARS

STOLEN FROM A POCKET BOOK
LOST BY MRS. H. B. ADAMS.

The Pocket Book and Papers of the
Value of Fifteen Hundred Dollars
Have Been Recovered.

YESTERDAY

Yesterday afternoon a shopping bag
containing a pocketbook, a First Na-
tional bank pass book and a few other
articles, was lost by Mrs. Harold B.
Adams, of west Wayne street, while
she was riding on a street railway car.
This morning the shopping bag was
found by a little girl at the fair
grounds and nothing was missing ex-
cept \$10 that the pocketbook had con-
tained. Papers to the value of \$1,500
were still in the pocketbook when it
was found.

NEWS

From the City South of
the River.

The Aged Mother of Mrs. J.
V. Smiley Dies.

A Number of the New Members of
Grace M. E. Church Baptized
in the Hover Park Lake by
Rev. Leatherman.

Mrs. Castle, of Van Wert, who has
been visiting her daughter Mrs. For-
rest, of Linden street, returned to her
home yesterday.

Friday night at 6 o'clock, Rev.
Leatherman will baptize several more
converts at the Hover Park lake.
These baptized yesterday by Rev.
Leatherman were: Cecil Hall, Lora
Crist, Lenora Tuttle, Maud Wolfe,
Lida Ford, Grace Smoots, Lucian Curtis,
Gertrude Judy, Julian Judy, Lena
Ashby, Cara Dannamiller and Grover
Dannamiller.

Miss Murry, who is at Columbus at-
tending a kindergarten school and
who graduates this term, will return
to her home Saturday.

Susan Byland, residing with her
parents on west Vine street, was bit-
ten on the hand yesterday by a vicious
dog. The wound was not an exceed-
ingly dangerous one but it was
thought best to have it cauterized.
The operation was performed by Dr.
Rudy.

Mrs. Sarah Plummer, aged 81 years,
widow of C. Plummer, of near West
Newton, known to many residents
here, being the mother of Mrs. J. V.
Smiley, died at her home from paral-
ysis. The funeral was held today at
St. James chapel at 2 o'clock.

Engineer J. B. McWhirk, while on
his run had one of his fingers severely
mashed. It is not of a very serious
nature but will prevent his working
for awhile.

Mr. J. S. Smith, of Broadway, pro-
prietor of the south side dry goods
store is anticipating a pleasant visit
to his old home in the near future at
Pickerington, Ohio.

Walter E. Brown, chief dispatcher
of the L. E. & W., is having erected a
fine dwelling on his lot in Maple-
wood Place. It is modern in every
particular. Several other buildings
are projected and probably will be
erected during the summer.

Mrs. Davis, of Broadway, is at St.
Marys where she will spend a few days
vacation and visit with friends.

The two little children of Mr. and
Mrs. Frank Parlett, of Second street,
who have had a severe case of scarlet
fever are recovering.

THE WHEEL OF 1900

Has "WOLFF-AMERICAN" on its
name plate, and that's a sufficient
guarantee of its quality; and the prices
are right. Half a dozen different
models, from \$25 up. Full line of
sundries.

"Safe bind, safe find." Fortify your-
self by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now
and be sure of god health for months
to come.

NEW

Owners of the Elec-
tric Plant

Are in Charge.

Jos. Mayer, the Presi-
dent, Talks.

Believes Lima is One of the
Best Cities in the Buck-
eye State.

Will Begin at Once to Make Exten-
sive Improvements in the Elec-
tric Light and Power
Plant.

Mr. Joseph B. Mayer, who has re-
cently been elected president of the
Lima Electric Light and Power Com-
pany, came to Lima today, and on be-
ing asked the plans of the company,
made the following statement:

"I have become interested in the
oil fields near Lima, and in that way,
having made Lima my headquarters on
my visits to the properties in which I
am interested, heard that the Lima
Electric Light and Power plant was
for sale. I investigated the matter,
and believing in the prosperous future
of Lima as an active and industrious
city, I associated myself with Mr.
Herbert P. Bissell and H. St. C. Denny,
of Buffalo, and some other eastern
capitalists, and purchased the plant
from the mortgagee, who had bid it in.

"It is our intention to immediately
expend, under the advice of experts,
a large sum of money to put the plant
in first-class condition so that it will
furnish to the city of Lima as good
service as is furnished by any plant in
any part of the country.

"We have so much faith in the fu-
ture of Lima, from our investigation
of its industries and itself, and the
activity of its citizens, that we believe
that we shall ultimately find this a
profitable investment, and in that
event we shall be in a position to in-
terest other capitalists in other Lima
enterprises.

"We expect to spend a good deal of
our time here for the purpose of giving
personal attention to the property,
and we hope and expect that the ci-
tizens of Lima will give us their earnest
and hearty co-operation to make this
successful, and a credit to their city.

"It is our intention to retain in our
employ the present general manager
and superintendent of the property, as
we believe they are well qualified to
do efficient service, and we prefer to
give employment only to the residents
of Lima, believing that such a course
will be of mutual benefit to us all."

IN THE SPRING